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Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

from Many Countries Telegrams of Greetings and Congratulatory Messages Warmly Greeting His 57th Birthday

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution, received telegrams of greetings and congratulatory messages from many countries on his 57th birthday.

Comrade Kim Il Sung received a message and a telegram of greetings respectively from the employees of the Havana Glass Factory and the Jose Marti Steel Works in Cuba on his 57th birthday.

The telegram of greetings sent by the employees of the Havana Glass Factory said:

We wish you good health and a long life so that the Korean people, under your correct leadership, may crush imperialism, unify the country and achieve the final victory of the Korean revolution.

The congratulatory message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung by the attendants of the meeting of Angolan fighters held in Brazzaville in celebration of his 57th birthday said:

On the occasion of the 57th birthday of Your Excellency, we fighters of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement held a meeting celebrating this auspicious day. We offer the highest honour and congratulations to Your Excellency, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero and iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution.

The message noted that he has devoted his all to the struggle for the development of the Korean revolution and the world revolution for over 40 years since he started the revolutionary struggle as early as his boyhood up to date, and went on:

Your Excellency are not only leading the Korean revolution to victory but making an outstanding contribution to the development of the world revolution. We express unreserved trust in and respect for Your Excellency who maintain a thoroughly anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. stand and are making a tremendous theoretical and practical contribution to the development of the world revolution. Your Excellency taught us:

"...There may be many twists and turns in the course of our revolution. Only he who continues his fight courageously not yielding in the least to the complexity and arduousness of the revolution can win final victory. In the course of the protracted anti-Japanese guerilla struggle we shed tears when our comrades-in-arms fell but we never shed tears or were never pessimistic before difficulties. He who is perplexed over or pessimistic about difficulties cannot be a revolutionary. The greater the difficulties are, the more courageously and calmly you should find the way of struggle...."

These words of Your Excellency serve as a guide to action for us fighting for crushing the Portuguese colonialists and winning the sovereignty of the country, forcing our way through thorny bushes and marshes. The great revolutionary ideas and practical example of Your Excellency are an invaluable treasure for the development of the Korean revolution and the world revolution.

The message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung by the attendants of the joint celebration meeting of teachers and students of the school for bereaved children of martyrs in Algiers said:

On this auspicious day, our hearts are overflowing with the feelings of respect and reverence for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean people and the outstanding leader of the world revolutionary movement.

You Marshal Kim Il Sung, quite busy with state affairs as you are, look after the children of Korea with a paternal affection and extend your benevolent hand to every aspect of their life for bringing them up into fine reserves for the future.

The message continued:

Even in the arduous days of the armed struggle against the brigandish Japanese imperialists, you Marshal Kim Il Sung set up schools in the guerilla bases and enforced free education. And you personally organized and guided the Children's Corps, and made all efforts for rearing the children into fine revolutionaries.

Thus the brilliant tradition of the movement of the Korean children, the reserves of new Korea, was established in the hard days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

It further said:

The students and children in the northern half of the Republic learn and play to their hearts' content, receiving nine-year compulsory technical education, under the socialist system under which all people work and receive free medical treatment. But numerous children in South Korea are denied opportunities of learning and they are wandering about the streets or shining shoes.

In conclusion the message said:

We are firmly convinced that the entire people of North and South Korea will force the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and certainly accomplish the cause of Korea's unification and the day will come when the South Korean children, too, will live a happy life under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung like the children in the northern half of the Republic.

The congratulatory message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung by Latin American students studying in Rumania said:

You thoroughly established *Juche* in the Korean revolution in the grimmest period of Japanese imperialist colonial rule, directly organized and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle solely for the freedom of the fatherland and the liberation of the people and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, surmounting manifold difficulties and trials over the long period of 15 years personally standing in the van of the revolution even under the conditions in which there was neither the rear of the state nor the support of the regular army and in which the assistance of the international revolutionary forces was not so powerful as now, and thus defeated Japanese imperialism, the enemy, and restored the fatherland.

The message referred to the great revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the brilliant successes achieved by our people under his wise leadership and said:

The original lines in which you, the great Leader, creatively applied and newly developed Marxism-Leninism in keeping with the actual conditions of Korea in each period of the development of the revolution and the brilliant successes registered by the Korean people in the last twenty years under your wise leadership deeply convince the Latin American peoples of the justness of the communist cause and its victory and give a great inspiration to them.

And the message quoted the instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung that the peoples of the countries making revolution should unite and limb U.S. imperialism and said:

The outstanding lines based on the great ideas and rich practical experiences of Comrade Kim Il Sung serve as a truly revolutionary and superb strategy of struggle which immensely inspires the peoples of Venezuela, Colombia, Guatemala, Bolivia, Dominica and Peru and other Latin American countries in their revolutionary struggle for defending the Cuban revolution and against the U.S. imperialists and the pro-U.S. reactionary dictatorial regimes and instils in them firm conviction of victory.

In conclusion it noted:

We Latin American students sincerely wish good health and a long life to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, great Marxist-Leninist of our times, brilliant Leader of revolution and great inspirer of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of the Latin American peoples, for the independent unification of Korea and the bright morrow of socialism and communism and for the triumph of the revolutionary struggle of the Latin American peoples.

30th Anniv. of Victorious Battle in Musan Area Commemorated

Our people significantly commemorate the 30th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area, which recorded immortal feats in the history of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, under the grandiose circumstances in which the whole country is seething with revolutionary stamina and animated with the advance and struggle to bring earlier the complete victory of socialism and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution upholding the report made by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, at the historic Party Conference, the great Ten-Point Political Programme announced by him and his report at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic.

A grand meeting commemorating the 30th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area was held on May 23 in the historic revolutionary battle site.

Respectfully placed on the platform of the meeting place was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Two huge national flags were hung together with red flags symbolizing the banner of revolution uplifted by the anti-Japanese guerillas. Also seen there were slogans reading "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea, organizer and inspirer of all victories of the Korean people!"

A statue of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, was respectfully placed in the centre of the meeting place. Put up here and there in the meeting place were streamers bearing the slogans: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" "Let us arm ourselves thoroughly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Let us defend with our lives the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Let us become revolutionary soldiers infinitely faithful to the Leader like the anti-Japanese guerillas!" and "Let us inherit and carry forward the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party!" and placards showing the vigorous features of working people of all strata and youths and students who are advancing under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, upholding his great revolutionary ideas, and pictures "Daehongdan battle" and "Torchlight of Bochonbo".

Attending the meeting together with a large number of working people and the visitors to the revolutionary battle site were functionaries of central and local Party and government organs and mass organizations as well as anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters who participated in the battle in the Musan area.

Li Ryung Ik, Second Secretary of the Ryanggang Provincial Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made the report at the meeting.

Expressing the joy of holding the meeting in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area in the historic revolutionary battle site, the reporter said:

The battle in the Musan area waged under the personal command of Comrade Kim Il Sung according to his superb strategy and tactics was an historic event of great significance in consistently bringing the overall Korean revolutionary movement to a steady upsurge.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, was the most glorious struggle which upheld the national honour of the Korean people and demonstrated their indomitable revolutionary stamina before the whole world; the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party were established by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the flames of this struggle.

Marking this significant day, the reporter extended the boundless respect and greatest glory to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has always led our people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, taking upon himself the destiny of the fatherland and the nation for over 40 years since he embarked upon the road of revolution in his early age.

Reviewing the internal and external situation obtaining at the time of the battle in the Musan area, the reporter said:

The great strategic line of Comrade Kim Il Sung on advancing again deep into the homeland was the most correct line conforming to the demands of the then revolutionary situation at home and abroad and, particularly, to the demands of the development of the Korean revolutionary movement itself and the ardent aspiration of the people for the restoration of the fatherland; it was the wisest line of struggle for bringing the Korean revolution to a steady upswing by advancing deep into the homeland to strike the enemy from behind and throw him into great confusion and tight corner when the Japanese imperialists were clamouring about the "complete annihilation" of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army.

In order to put this strategic line into practice, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally led the main unit of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and crossed the Amrok River to advance into the homeland in May, 1939, breaking through the water-tight border cordon of the Japanese imperialists, the reporter said, and went on:

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Qahtan Muhammad Al Shaabi, President of the People's Republic of South Yemen, to Visit D.P.R.K.

Qahtan Muhammad Al Shaabi, President of the People's Republic of South Yemen, will pay a state visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea late May at the invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

FROM COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES DURING THE ANTI-JAPANESE ARMED STRUGGLE

Brilliant Embodiment of Great Idea of Juche of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Comrade Kim Il Sung guiding the Nanhutou Conference

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution, who set out on the expedition to north Manchuria in 1935 mapped out a far-reaching plan for bringing about a fresh upsurge in the Korean revolution on the stand of *Juche*, while organizing and guiding the military and political activities in the vast areas of north Manchuria.

At that time the Japanese imperialist aggressors further intensified the fascist suppression and plunder against the Korean people and, owing to this, the national and class antagonism between Japanese imperialism and the Korean people became aggravated ever more and the strong anti-Japanese sentiment was brewing among the people of all walks of life. And, externally the danger of a new war was increasing daily owing to fascism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, having gained an insight into the changed situation of the revolution, held the Nanhutou Conference in February 1936 and set forth an original new line of vigorously promoting the Korean revolution as a whole.

At the meeting Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth concrete ways for carrying on more actively and in an all-round way the organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea which would play the role of the General Staff and the vanguard detachment in the Korean revolution.

He taught that what is most important in the preparations for the founding of a party is to train Communists and expand their ranks, and the ranks of Communists should be built with the new Communists of worker and peasant origin who were tested and steeled in struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"...If we form the leading core firmly, we can found a party with it as the backbone in future and rally the masses around it. In other words, the leading core of the Communists steeled and tested in struggle not only can lead the Korean revolution to victory without yielding under any difficult circumstances but will become a reliable foundation for founding a party overcoming all sorts of Right and 'Left' opportunism and factionalism...."

He stressed that while bringing up new Communists of worker and peasant origin in struggle, we should rally Communists who were active separately in different areas to lay the groundwork for building the Party organizations and step up the fight for safeguarding the organizational and ideological purity of the ranks of Communists.

At the meeting Comrade Kim Il Sung also touched upon the ideological preparations for the founding of a party. To this end, he said, education in the lines of the Korean revolution and Marxism-Leninism must be conducted vigorously among the Communists; they should be armed with the unitary revolutionary ideas and revolutionary lines; and the organizational and political work must be strengthened among the workers, peasants and other sections of the people to lay more firmly the mass basis for the founding of a party.

To unite closer the anti-Japanese revolutionary forces of all strata and organize and mobilize them more vigorously to the anti-Japanese struggle for national liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung also laid down at the Nanhutou Conference the line of forming a permanent body of the anti-Japanese united national front and further expanding and promoting the anti-Japanese united national front movement on a nation-wide scale.

Setting forth concrete ways for rapidly expanding the social basis of the united front he taught that the forms and names of its organizations at lower units ought to be conformed to the actual situation in the localities to draw the broad anti-Japanese masses of all strata in the organizations of the anti-Japanese united national front. He said that inasmuch as the anti-Japanese united national front movement was unfolded under the harsh suppression by Japanese imperialism it was very important to skilfully camouflage the organizations and correctly combine the legal activities with illegal ones.

At the meeting Comrade Kim Il Sung laid a new strategic line of establishing new revolutionary bases in the areas of Mt. Baekdu and of advancing the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in a big way into the homeland, a line designed to ensure politically and militarily the preparation for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea as well as the expansion and promotion of the anti-Japanese united national front movement and thus give rise to a fresh upswing in the Korean revolution as a whole.

He said as follows:

"If we do not advance into the homeland it will be impossible to rally the Communists in the homeland organizationally and ideologically, train and expand the ranks of Communists among the working class, organize and expand the anti-Japanese united national front and arouse the broad masses of the people to the anti-Japanese struggle. Therefore, the future activities of the People's Revolutionary Army should be devoted mainly to the establishment of new guerilla bases in the areas along the Amrok and Duman Rivers with Mt. Baekdu as the centre, the expansion of the scope of armed struggle further into the homeland, and, at the same time, to the direct organization and guidance of the revolutionary activities in the homeland...."

Comrade Kim Il Sung said that to push forward the Korean revolution as a whole we must set up guerilla bases which would make it possible to organize and guide the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle in an all-round way and ensure the mobile and free guerilla activities.

He taught that this new guerilla base area, unlike the guerilla bases established in the form of liberated areas in the first half of the 1930's, should be set up in a secret and concealed way and consisted of secret camps which would be set up by taking advantage of the natural fortress around Mt. Baekdu, and of the revolutionary organizations formed among the people in the enemy-controlled areas with the secret camps as their stronghold and thus, it should serve as a powerful invisible fortress of the Korean revolution.

The Nanhutou Conference formulated the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung as the basic line in the development of the Korean revolution and adopted it as a decision.

Comrade Kim Il Sung who set out on the march to the homeland after the Nanhutou Conference would drop in a deep thought about the prospect of the revolution and its immediate tactical tasks, sparing rest and sleep. In May 1936, he reached Tungkiang and convened there a meeting and clarified concrete ways for implementing the lines set forth at the Nanhutou Conference.

The line of Comrade Kim Il Sung newly elucidated on the stand of *Juche* brought about a great turn in firmly uniting the anti-Japanese revolutionary forces in our country, in further stepping up the preparation for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea, and in developing onto a new stage the anti-Japanese armed struggle and, with it as the centre, the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement of the Korean people as a whole.

It also exerted a great influence on the development of the international revolution and made a great contribution to enriching the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism.

After the Nanhutou and Tungkiang Conferences Comrade Kim Il Sung pushed ahead more actively with the organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea.

He instructed that an essential prerequisite to the successful founding of a party was to thoroughly repudiate the tendencies of flunkeyism and dogmatism which were found among some Communists with regard to the founding of a party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"Then, did Marx get ratification or approval of anyone when he founded the Communist Party? Whether we get the ratification of the Comintern or not does not make matter. The most important problem is that the Korean Communists should organize a party and lead the Korean revolution well. If the party thus organized carries out the revolutionary struggle well, the Comintern will naturally recognize it following us."

In the organizational preparation for the founding of a party Comrade Kim Il Sung put his heart and soul, above all, in bringing up the Communists tested and steeled in the flame of struggle.

Before his departure to the northern border areas after the Nanhutou Conference he held a meeting of the Party political workers of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army. He criticized there the Right and Left deviations appeared in training the Communists and took measures to thoroughly overcome them.

What was important above anything else in training the Communists was to organize the ranks with the selected core members of worker and peasant origin.

Comrade Kim Il Sung saw to it that the advanced elements of worker and peasant origin were enrolled in the guerilla army and networks of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and other revolutionary organizations and they were brought up into fine Communists through ideological education and actual struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also established the organizational system of the Communist Party and the norms of its activity and directed the work of strengthening the Party life of its members.

He always set examples in Party life himself. Though he was busy with work he would visit every unit to direct Party meetings and organize assignments. He acquainted himself with the life and studies of his men, as well as with the fulfilment of their duties, and gave them substantial guidance and education.

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Comrade Kim Il Sung also paid a special attention to safeguarding the organizational and ideological purity of the revolutionary ranks for the founding of a party and led the Party members to wage an uncompromising struggle against factionalism and all sorts of opportunism.

In the course of the struggle the Communists and the people were rallied more firmly around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution, and the organizational preparation for the founding of a party was successfully carried out on a nation-wide scale.

Along with the organizational preparation for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea, Comrade Kim Il Sung waged an active struggle for carrying on the ideological preparation for it.

Here the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland which clarified and summarized in an all-round way the prospects of the Korean revolution and its strategy and tactics played an important role.

Having worked out this programme, the minimum programme of the Communist Party of Korea to be founded, Comrade Kim Il Sung actively conducted educational work among Communists so that they might have a unanimous view on the line and strategy and tactics of the Korean revolution.

And he intensified the education of Marxism-Leninism among the Communists and waged a powerful ideological struggle against all ideological trends of opportunism, and paid a deep attention to making them have a living theory necessary for the Korean revolution.

In this way the Communists were armed firmly with Comrade Kim Il Sung's great revolutionary ideas and revolutionary lines and the Marxist-Leninist revolutionary theory, and the ideological preparation for the founding of a party was made thoroughly.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also actively pushed ahead with the work of building the mass basis for the founding of a party.

He united the workers and peasants in the mass organizations and conducted a powerful organizational and political work for enhancing their class awakening and revolutionary consciousness, and led the Communists to establish the class viewpoint and revolutionary mass viewpoint and acquire the popular style of work.

Particularly, after the Nanhutou Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and enrolled in it the workers, peasants and other broad sections of the people, thus firmly building the mass basis for the founding of a party.

It was because of the scientific correct lines of Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly based on *Juche* and because of his wise leadership that the organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of our Party were made successfully in the course of the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The successes made by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the preparation for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea were of great significance in building firmly the revolutionary forces of the Korean people with the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army as the backbone and in achieving the victory in the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Thanks to the organizational and ideological groundwork for the founding of the Communist Party of Korea laid firmly by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the anti-Japanese armed struggle, it was possible to found our Party in a short time on a solid basis in the complicated circumstances after the liberation and to lead correctly the revolutionary struggle of the Korean people since its inception.

Kim Bok Rok

Victorious Battle in Musan Area

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Comrade Kim Il Sung led the main unit to march along the "Kapsan-Musan guard road," which was newly built by the Japanese imperialists, in fine array in broad daylight via Chongbong Peak and Lake Samjiyon, employing the tactics of covering one thousand ri at a stretch.

By employing the brilliant military strategy and bold and elusive tactics, Comrade Kim Il Sung mounted attacks on the Musan area and wiped out the enemy and, then, dealt annihilating blows at hundreds of Japanese imperialist aggressors who came in pursuit.

When he advanced into the Musan area, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally conducted the work of political agitation to inspire and encourage the masses of people to the anti-Japanese struggle wherever he went, the reporter said.

He went on:

The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung inspired and stimulated all other forms of mass movement and developed the Korean communist movement and the national-liberaiton movement of our people onto a new, higher stage.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught us:

"The anti-Japanese guerilla warfare was a high form of struggle of the revolutionary armed force against the counter-revolutionary one, and it dealt one crushing blow after another to the Japanese imperialist aggressors, forcefully encouraging and stimulating all other forms of struggle of the masses. The anti-Japanese armed struggle exerted extensive revolutionary influence upon the people of all walks of life, and it further strengthened and developed the anti-Japanese struggle of our people for liberation as a whole."

Referring to the main contents of the glorious revolutionary traditions, the roots of our Party and revolution and the most precious assets, which were established by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the reporter stressed: The unshakable system of the unitary ideology run through with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and infinite loyalty to the Leader was established and the precious revolutionary exploits were made and valuable combat experiences accumulated and a typical example of the revolutionary work method and popular style of work was created in the course of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The reporter dwelt on the fact that after liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of the brilliant revolutionary traditions established in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, founded in person the Party and people's power and set up mass organizations, thereby establishing the well-organized system of the dictatorship of the proletariat, and founded the Korean People's Army, our regular revolutionary armed forces, with the revolutionary cadres whom he personally reared in the course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, as its backbone and constantly strengthened and developed it. The reporter also pointed in detail to the fact that in the period of the past Fatherland Liberation War, our People's Army and the Korean people, at the call of the Leader, rose up as one in the sacred war for crushing the enemy and repulsed the armed invaders of 16 countries headed by the U.S. imperialists and won a brilliant victory and that our people won a great victory in the socialist revolution and socialist construction, bravely overcoming manifold difficulties and trials after the war.

Noting that our Party and people have effected a great revolutionary upsurge in the socialist construction by spurring on the Chollima march in response to the call of the Leader, the reporter said: today in this land where harsh exploitation and oppression, centuries-old backwardness and penury once prevailed, an advanced socialist system has been established and our fatherland has turned into a rich and powerful socialist state with a solid independent national economy, an indestructible all-people defence system and brilliant national culture.

The reporter emphasized that today the entire people are rallied rock-firm around the Central Committee of the Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung and the monolithic unity of the Party and the masses has become indestructible one which nothing can break.

Our Party has invariably upheld the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence, in guiding the revolution and construction and skilfully organized and mobilized the entire people to the revolution and construction along the road chosen by it, the reporter said, and stressed: the great revolutionary events in our country and all the brilliant victories and successes made by our Party and people are unthinkable apart from the outstanding and wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Therefore, today the entire Korean people regard it as infinite glory and happiness to have as their Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, greatest Marxist-Leninist of our times and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and to carry on the revolution under his leadership, and confirm still further their faith and resolve to become revolutionary soldiers single-heartedly loyal to the Leader.

Noting that our revolution is still on the way to its fulfilment and our people are still confronted with the important task to achieve the unification of the fatherland, liberate the South Korean people and attain the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, the reporter said that today the South Korean revolutionaries and people, looking up to Comrade Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation and the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are energetically waging the struggle in various forms including the armed struggle along the road of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland, indicated by him.

Exposing and denouncing the frantic war racket of the U.S. imperialists, the reporter stressed: if the U.S. imperialists doggedly take the road of war paying no heed to our warnings, we will all rise up and fight to defend with our lives the beloved socialist fatherland and the revolutionary gains which were won at the cost of our blood, wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges, Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, to the last man and liberate the southern half without fail.

The reporter declared that in order to achieve at the earliest date the complete victory of socialism and bring earlier the great revolutionary event of the unification of the fatherland, the people in the northern half should firmly build up their revolutionary base politically, economically and militarily, continue to powerfully support and encourage the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people and constantly strengthen militant solidarity with the international revolutionary forces.

To this end, the whole Party and the entire people should more thoroughly establish the system of the unitary ideology of the Party, firmly arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the glorious revolutionary traditions of the Korean communist movement, founder of our Party and the first state of proletarian dictatorship in our country, founder of the great revolutionary theories and the brilliant Leader of revolution who ushered in the new historic era of socialism and communism in our country, the reporter emphasized.

He stressed: no force on earth can hold in check the grandiose advance of our people who are marching ahead under the outstanding and wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and only victory and glory are in store for us.

The meeting closed with the playing of the national anthem.

In the evening a torchlight parade and a soiree of youth and students were held on the spot in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area.

Then a joint meeting of Young Pioneers Corps in this area was held.

Earlier, athletic meets of students of schools of various levels in this area were held, and the national opera "A Woman Guerilla of Mt. Baekdu" was performed by artists of the Ryanggang Provincial Song and Dance Ensemble. A performance was also given by worker art circle members in this area.

Similar meetings were also held in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, and provincial capitals and at the People's Army and Garrison units.

Pre-eminent Ideas of Comrade KIM IL SUNG on Correlation between Scale of Economy and Rate of Development of Production in Socialist Society

3. Brilliant Embodiment of Lawful Demand of Development of Socialist Economy in Our Country in Which Production Grows at High Tempo without Interruption under Wise Guidance of the Great Leader

The pre-eminent ideas and theory on the law of the development of socialist economy in which production grows constantly at a high tempo, expounded by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist of our times and the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, in his immortal classic work "On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy" are brilliantly embodied in the practice of socialist construction in our country and their correctness fully proved by our successes in socialist construction.

Our country which was a backward colonial, semi-feudal society and which started socialist construction on debris, everything destroyed in the three-year war started by the U.S. imperialists (1950-1953), has brought about epochal changes as we see today in a very short span of time after the war and has turned into a mighty socialist state independent in politics, self-sustaining in economy and self-defensive in national defence.

Our industry has developed at an unprecedentedly rapid rate. In 1967 its output grew 22 times as against 1946, of which the machine-building industry increased as many as 100 times.

The high rate of economic development in our country was firmly maintained not only in the period of rehabilitation when the economic foundation was very weak but in the whole period of socialist construction.

We brought about the great upsurge of Chollima at a time when the period of rehabilitation was already over and the period of technical reconstruction started and the independent foundation of the national economy was laid to a certain extent and a leaping advance was made by carrying out in a matter of two years and a half the huge Five-Year Plan which envisaged an increase of 2.6 times in gross industrial output value.

With the successful fulfilment of the Five-Year Plan, the scale of our economy grew as never before and our country became a mighty socialist industrial-agricultural state with a solid foundation of the independent national

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Historic Event Which Led the Korean Revolution to a New Upsurge

On the Occasion of 30th Anniversary of the Victorious Battle in Musan Area

We significantly mark the 30th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area which recorded an immortal achievement in the history of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle under the grand circumstances in which the entire Korean people, rallied closer than ever before around the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, are stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding at the speed of Chollima and in the "a-match-for-a-hundred" spirit to positively expedite the complete victory of socialism and the great revolutionary event of the country's unification.

The battle in the Musan area fought under the direct command of Comrade Kim Il Sung in May, 1939 was one of the important operations which added another brilliant page to the history of the 15-year-long arduous yet proud struggle of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army that defeated the brigandish Japanese imperialists, and it was a historic event of great significance in the anti-Japanese armed struggle and in the steady development of the Korean revolution as a whole with the former as the centre.

On the occasion of this significant day our people give unbounded respect and the highest honour to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who, taking upon himself the destiny of the Korean people in the darkest days of the Japanese imperialists' colonial rule, personally organized the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, directed the anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 years, and thus led the Korean revolution to victory and brought today's freedom and happiness to our people.

* * *

The battle in the Musan area fought under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and in accordance with his outstanding strategic and tactical line was one of the important operations of advance into the homeland for defeating the villainous Japanese imperialists and winning the country's liberation.

The situation on the eve of the historic battle was grave. The Korean revolution was going through trying ordeals and the dark clouds weighed heavily upon the homeland.

At that time the imperialist powers were engrossed in an aggressive war to realize the wild dream of world domination, and the ferocious Japanese imperialists who appeared as a shock-brigade of imperialism in the East intensified as never before the fascist repression of the people in Korea and made a desperate attempt to "wipe out to the last man" the Korean People's Revolutionary Army. Then "Left" adventurists committed an extremely subjectivist rash act which wrought much harm to the revolutionary struggle, and backsliders betrayed the revolution, turned their coats and surrendered to the enemy, crying: "There is no future for Korea."

At this juncture Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the most correct line to tide over the crisis and lead the Korean revolution to a constant upsurge and successfully moved the Korean People's Revolutionary Army through the arduous march to the borderline to carry out the line.

At the Peitatingtzu Conference held in April, 1939 Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth the strategic line of march into the homeland. He said:

"... At this time when the enemy, quite exhausted with the winter 'mopping-up operations,' returned to his den, we must go over to general counter-offensives without giving him a breathing spell and make preparations for advance into the homeland. ... Only by so doing, can we fill up clothing, food and arms in time and rally our forces, and can we march again into the homeland to shed the gleam of liberation upon our people, restore the destroyed revolutionary organizations and rouse them to a fresh vigorous struggle."

At the Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung also gave instructions on intensifying mass political work along with active military operations.

"We should send many political workers and small units into various parts of the homeland to guide the restoration and rearrangement of the revolutionary organizations in Changpai and the homeland and the formation of new revolutionary organizations among the masses of workers and peasants. Thus, we must see to it that where there are the masses there exist revolutionary organizations and that where there are revolutionary organizations the anti-Japanese united national front is formed and all patriotic forces are united under its banner and an anti-Japanese movement for the restoration of the fatherland is launched vigorously in combination with the armed struggle by our army."

After the Peitatingtzu Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung, personally leading the main force of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, set out again on the homeward march.

In May, 1939 the main unit led by Comrade Kim Il Sung slipped through the strict cordon of the Japanese imperialists on the borderline and crossed the Amrok River. And then the guerillas started the march to the Musan area in high spirits to annihilate the enemy. On May 18 they spent the first night in Chongbong Peak in the homeland.

At the Chongbong bivouac they at his instructions wrote on the trunks of many old trees in a spirit to crush the enemy even if they die hundreds of millions of times such revolutionary and militant slogans as "Let's fight to the end for freedom, independence and liberation of the Korean nation!" "Down with the fascist military clique of Japan!" and "Long live the victorious great anti-Japanese war!" These slogans imbued with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung gave our people great strength and courage and powerfully inspired them to the revolutionary struggle at that time.

Comrade Kim Il Sung marched his unit to Lake Samjiyon via Konchang and Begaebong Peak. There, viewing the beautiful sight of the homeland, he encouraged his men. He remarked: **"Lake Samjiyon is picturesque and its water tastes nice. Let's drink this water to our heart's content and fight well to liberate the fatherland."**

Around this time, scared by the march of a large force of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army into the homeland, the Japanese imperialists desperately tried to check its advance: they massed great numbers of army and police troops on the frontier, threw a strict cordon all along it and combed hills and mountains on the Amrok River.

Having seen through such movements of the enemy in good time, Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced his large unit through the 40-kilometre-long "Kapsan-Musan guard road" to the Musan area in broad daylight. This was bold, determined and resourceful tactics only Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, could think up and put into practice.

He accurately forecast that the enemies, believing that the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army were in thick forests, would pay little attention to the highway, and was confident that his unit was able to defeat the enemy even if it encountered the latter on the highway. So he adopted such bold tactics.

If the unit had gone through the thick forests its march would have taken much more time than expected and the guerillas would have been tired out. And if they had stayed in mountains for a long time they might have been encircled by the enemy and the march to the Musan area delayed.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, foreseeing all this with keen insight, made the unit march proudly through the new "Kapsan-Musan guard road", built along the border line by the Japanese imperialists, and the unit arrived at Mupo in the evening.

He personally led the unit towards Daehongdan plain on May 22 to wipe out the enemy in Sinsadong and Singaechok and conducted there the political agitation work to instil in the people the conviction of the restoration of the fatherland.

The following day the unit of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army again annihilated over 300 enemies wholesale on the Daehongdan plain with the tactics of allurement and ambush and won a great victory.

The blows dealt by the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in the Daehongdan battle were so crushing that the enemy who were hastily fleeing to Yugok took their garrison units coming from there to support them for our army and the enemies ridiculously fired at each other.

In this way the Korean People's Revolutionary Army attacked the Musan area like lightning, completely liberated the area around Mt. Roun and successfully attained the political and military aim of the advance into the homeland. Then the unit moved to the wide region northeast of Mt. Baekdu and carried out successfully the large-troop circling operations. The battle in the Musan area thus ended in the brilliant victory for the Korean People's Revolutionary Army.

The victory of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in the Musan area battle and the whole course of the battle clearly showed once again Comrade Kim Il Sung's high sense of responsibility for the Korean revolution, his ardent love and spirit of devoted service for the country and the people and demonstrated once again to the whole world his extraordinary revolutionary sweep and the greatness of his outstanding strategy and tactics.

The Musan area battle gave a serious blow to the Japanese imperialists who were bragging that "the Communist army has been annihilated," hastened the defeat of the enemy and, in this course, the Korean People's Revolutionary Army grew into the "a-match-for-a-hundred"-revolutionary army.

The historic victory in the Musan area battle made it possible to restore and rearrange the revolutionary organizations destroyed owing to the fascist suppression and wholesale round up by the Japanese imperialists, and it imbued the people groaning under the enemy's fascist repression with the joy and hope of national regeneration and firm confidence in the victory of the revolution and gave them new strength.

The battle in the Musan area was also of great international significance.

The battle waged under the direct command of Comrade Kim Il Sung dispersed and weakened the military forces of the Japanese imperialists and dealt a severe blow to the enemy in their aggressive Sino-Japanese war. It also gave a blow from behind to the Japanese imperialists who, having stationed the one-million-strong Kanto army in Manchuria, were engrossed in armed provocations on the Russo-Manchurian border, and thus prevented the enemy from running wild at their own will.

The Musan area battle weakened the aggressive forces of imperialism and encouraged and inspired the Communists and revolutionary people of the neighbouring country, and thus made a great contribution to the development of the international communist and working-class movements.

As seen above, the Musan area battle inflicted severe political and military blows upon the Japanese imperialist aggressors and led the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement of our people to a steady upswing and recorded immortal exploits that will shine for ever in the history of the country.

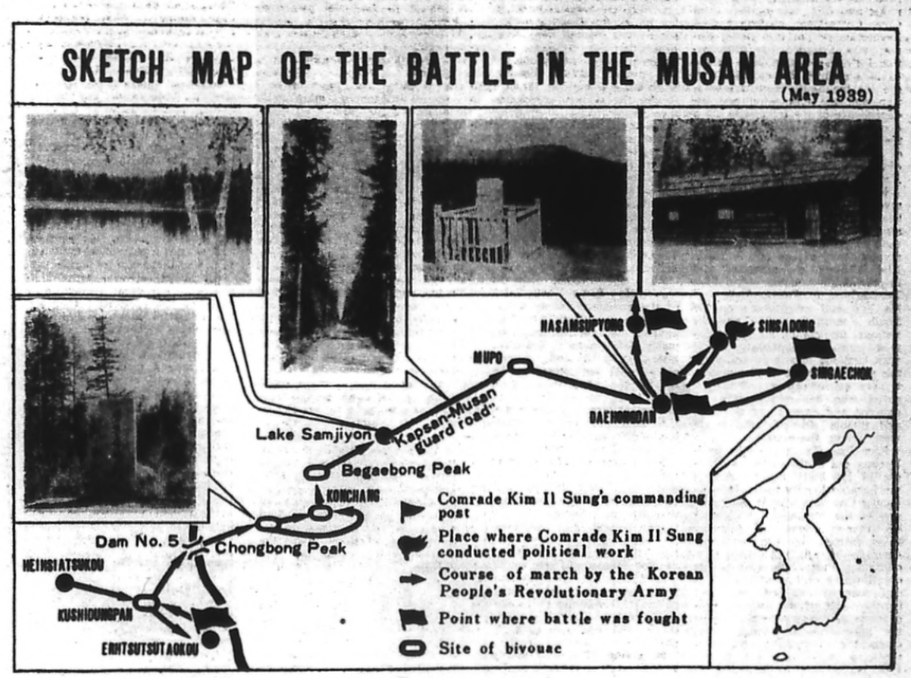
The immortal exploits and precious experiences gained in the 15-year-long arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Musan area battle included, waged under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, are the glorious revolutionary traditions inherited by our Party and people and they are priceless assets for them.

It was thanks to the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged by Comrade Kim Il Sung that our people could defeat Japanese imperialism and liberate their country, and that, after the liberation, they, inheriting and carrying forward the brilliant traditions, could achieve great successes in the revolution and construction.

The Red seeds of the revolution sown by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the homeland in the grimmest days of the Japanese imperialists' colonial rule are today growing vigorously in the struggle of our people for creating a new life, and the revolutionary spirit infused by him has become a powerful factor in accelerating the final victory of the Korean revolution.

Today the entire Korean people are greeting with a great national pride and revolutionary self-confidence the 30th anniversary of the victory in the battle in the Musan area organized and waged under the direct command of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and are full of a determination to bring earlier the complete victory of socialism and the great event of national unification by arming themselves more firmly with our Party's brilliant revolutionary traditions established by him and continuously maintaining the great revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction.

Ji Ryong Cha



(Continued from Page 3)

economy.

In the period of the Seven Year Plan we have been developing the economy at a high rate as ever and successfully carrying on the tasks of socialist industrialization and overall technical revolution by relying on the socialist system which triumphed in an all-round way and on the already-laid solid foundation of an independent national economy.

In the past seven-eight years we have created many new industrial branches, radically improved the technical equipment of industry and expanded the scale of production several-fold while appropriating a large part of accumulation additionally for the defence upbuilding in view of the more pronounced aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists. Above all, in 1967, the first year in implementing the resolution of the Party Conference on stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, we registered a wonderful success by raising industrial output as much as 17 per cent in a year though we had to direct greater efforts to defence upbuilding and, on top of this, we suffered rare flood damages.

Today our country which was backward in the past is being turned into a developed socialist industrial state by constantly developing the economy at a leaping tempo in the whole period of socialist construction.

Indeed, our people have made such development in a matter of ten odd years since the war as would take more than one hundred years or several hundred years in capitalist countries.

This is ascribable exclusively to the outstanding and seasoned leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the great idea of *Juche* and glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party, founded the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea and the first state of the proletarian dictatorship in our country, ushered in the new era of socialism and communism in this land and is leading our Party and the 40 million Korean people along one road of victory.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, always seizing upon the mature demands of the development of the revolution in time and looking far ahead into the future of the country, worked out correct lines and policies in each period and each stage of the development of the revolution and thus brightly illumined the road of victory of the Korean revolution, roused our people to continued innovation and uninterrupted advance and made it possible to energetically speed up socialist construction, personally standing in the van to break through all difficulties and bottlenecks.

The high rate of the development of socialist economy is unthinkable apart from the construction of a comprehensive and independent national economy which is developed in a many-sided way, equipped with up-to-date technique and operated by relying upon one's own technique and raw and other materials. An economy dependent upon others can not develop at a high tempo without intermission.

Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the basic line of economic construction on giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, thereby indicating the most correct orientation and most rational way of speedily building an independent national economy while solving both the question of laying the economic foundation and the question of improving the people's living.

To give priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture on this basis is the most rational way of expanding and strengthening the productive links among all the branches of the national economy in an overall way and ensuring a high tempo of the growth of production without interruption.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also set forth a new revolutionary line on carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and thus indicated the only correct way of actively solving simultaneously the tasks of strengthening defence capabilities, consolidating the economic foundation and improving the people's livelihood and of stepping up socialist and communist construction to the maximum while firmly safeguarding the gains of the revolution at present times when the situation has become extremely tense owing to the ever intensified aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists.

Comrade Kim Il Sung initiated and developed the great Chollima movement, the general line of our Party in socialist construction, and thus provided a mighty weapon for expediting socialist construction to the maximum in conformity with the lawful demand of the development of socialist economy which grows at a high tempo uninterruptedly.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us as follows:

"It is a lawful demand of socialist and communist construction to create more material and cultural values by constantly raising the people's level of ideological consciousness and zeal for production and making continued advance and uninterrupted innovation, and hence the Chollima movement correctly reflects this demand."

The enhancement of the revolutionary zeal of millions of working people and the constant technical innovation which constitute the decisive factor for the continued development of socialist economy at a high tempo can be successfully ensured by the Chollima movement, a great communist mass onward movement in which the collective innovation in economic and cultural upbuilding and the work of educating and remoulding the working people are organically linked.

In our country the continued high tempo of economic development is guaranteed also by the powerful promotion of the technical revolution.

After carrying out the socialist revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the technical revolution as the next task of the uninterrupted revolution and great revolutionary work for freeing our people liberated from exploitation and oppression from arduous labour and newly expounded in a comprehensive way all questions—necessity and significance of the technical revolution, its contents and ways for its fulfilment—and energetically organized and mobilized our people to the fulfilment of the technical revolution.

Thanks to the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the correct line of the technical revolution mapped out by him, we could equip the national economy with modern technology and rear a large contingent of national technical personnel and solve with our wisdom and efforts the complicated scientific and technical problems. This constitutes an important guarantee for powerfully accelerating without intermission the development of the productive forces of the country in reliance upon our own material and technical foundation and upon our own scientific and technical forces.

Grasping in time the requirements of the new circumstances in which the overall victory of socialist system was attained, the scale of production expanded rapidly and the revolutionary zeal of the masses rose markedly, Comrade Kim Il Sung reorganized in an all-round way the work system and methods of the Party and state and economic organs and created the Chongsan-ri method and the Daean work system, its embodiment, and thereby brought about a radical turn in the management of the socialist economy.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The introduction of the Daean system, a new system of industrial management, enabled economic organizations and enterprises to perform all their work under the collective leadership of the Party committees and carry out their revolutionary tasks by giving precedence to political work and rousing the masses to activity, and enabled the higher organ to help the lower, the superior to assist his inferior, those who are versed in work to teach the less versed, all people to co-operate in a comradely way and all workshops, factories and branches to closely co-operate with each other so as to develop co-operative production and run the economy rationally on scientific lines in accordance with the objective laws of economy."

The Daean work system is the most excellent system of socialist economic management which fully conforms with the nature of socialist system and correctly reflects the lawful demand of socialist and communist construction. We have become able to powerfully push ahead with socialist economic construction at an exceptionally high rate by introducing the Daean work system in an all-round way.

In steadily improving the socialist economic management Comrade Kim Il Sung attached particularly great importance to further perfecting the system and methods of planning and correctly solved this problem in an original way.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us:

"We should always strictly abide by the principle of discussing every plan with the producers before adopting it, and getting the masses of producers to regard it as their own."

Those who guide production work out a plan after directly discussing it with producers and make them regard it as their own—this is the principle of socialist planning.

Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the line of unified and detailed planning and thereby made it possible to correctly ensure planned guidance of the national economy by properly linking the centralized guidance by the state with the mass line.

The implementation of the line of unified and detailed planning put forth by the Party made it possible to draw up a realistic and mobilizing plan in which all the domains of the national economy and all the links of production are accurately geared and the demands of the Party policy correctly met and to ensure a continued high rate of the development of production by tapping the inner reserves to the maximum and normalizing production.

It is important in the planned guidance of the national economy to correctly set the balance of economic development so that a high tempo of the development of production may be ensured permanently.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"However high the rate of economic development may be, there will be no disproportion as long as the rate is based strictly on actual possibilities. Of course, it is very difficult to maintain due proportion while keeping up a very high rate. But this rate should not be slackened to maintain a balance. Planning and balancing are not ends in themselves; they are a means for achieving a high rate of development. Hence, it is most important of all to rely on the advantages of the socialist system and the creative power of the masses and utilize to the maximum the latent reserves and potentialities of the national economy so that all branches can be simultaneously developed at a rapid rate."

Along the line put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung our Party set an active balance in such a way as to constantly raise the lagging branches to the advanced branches with the most advanced and leading link as a standard by fully calculating all the reserves latent in all the branches of the national economy. This made it possible to give full play to the creative initiative and activeness of the working people, energetically push ahead with the technical innovation movement and correctly mobilize all the reserves and potentialities in the national economy for firmly maintaining an exceptionally high tempo of economic development.

To strengthen the dictatorship of the proletariat and the class struggle without interruption and revolutionize and working-classize all the members of society by giving definite precedence to the ideological revolution and political work in all work—this is the decisive guarantee for dynamically speeding up socialist and communist construction.

On the basis of a profound, scientific analysis of the experiences and lessons of the revolution in our country and the international communist movement, Comrade Kim Il Sung gave a new all-round exposition of the duty and role of the dictatorship of the proletariat and thus developed the Marxist-Leninist theory on the dictatorship of the proletariat onto a new stage and provided the most powerful weapon for successfully carrying out socialist and communist construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us as follows:

"... The ideological revolution is the most important and most difficult revolutionary task that must go ahead of all other work."

"To carry out the revolutionary task, political work should be pushed ahead of all other work whenever and wherever."

To give precedence to the ideological revolution, political work, in all work to enhance the political preparedness of the masses of the people and make them participate in the fulfilment of the revolutionary task with self-consciousness—this is the revolutionary method of the leadership of our Party which Comrade Kim Il Sung had consistently upheld from the first days of his leadership of the Korean revolution and which struck its roots deep in the glorious revolutionary traditions established by him in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Above all, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the great idea on firmly establishing the system of the unitary ideology of the Party in the whole Party and whole society and firmly armed our people with the idea of *Juche*.

The unitary ideology of our Party is the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people.

The revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung are Marxism-Leninism which is creatively applied and developed to suit the specific realities of our country and the idea of *Juche* run through with the principle of independence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-defence in national defence.

We could win a brilliant victory on all fronts of the revolutionary struggle and construction work overcoming innumerable difficulties and trials and are vigorously forging ahead as ever along the straight path of victory because we are solely guided by the great revolutionary ideas and revolutionary theory of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Today the entire Party members and people, armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader—the idea of *Juche* — and rallied close with one ideology and one will around him, are struggling with all devotion through thick and thin for the Party and the revolution and for the fatherland and the people, with infinite loyalty to the Leader.

We will make continued innovation and uninterrupted advance in all fields of socialist construction and firmly maintain the great revolutionary upsurge by continuously and fully meeting the requirements of the law of the development of the socialist economy growing uninterruptedly at a high rate which has been clarified by Comrade Kim Il Sung and has already explored its way in socialist construction in our country.

Ever-victorious is the revolutionary cause of our people who are fighting staunchly rallied close around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, great Marxist-Leninist of our times and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

(The End)

Han Ryong Hun

"International Prize of Journalist" Awarded to Kim Jong Tae, Revolutionary Fighter and Journalist, Who Has Dauntlessly Fought

Upholding Great Revolutionary Ideas of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

Kim Jong Tae, an indomitable revolutionary fighter, noted journalist and Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party in South Korea, was awarded the "International Prize of Journalist" for his exploits made in the sacred struggle for the South Korean revolution and the unification and independence of the fatherland, by a decision of the May 17 meeting of the Executive Committee session of the International Organization of Journalists which was held from May 15 to 18 in Hungary.

Kim Jong Tae is an indomitable revolutionary who has single-heartedly waged an energetic struggle in South Korea for more than 20 years to embody the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and to implement his line and programme on the South Korean revolution and the national unification, an ardent patriot who has dauntlessly fought with fortitude in any adversity for the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause and a noted journalist who has energetically organized and carried out the bold and nimble political propaganda work among the masses.

Kim Jong Tae who determinedly came out in the righteous struggle in his early age, cherishing the burning loyalty to the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, and following his ever-victorious revolutionary ideas formed, together with his comrades-in-arms, the United Revolutionary Party embracing people of all walks of life with workers and peasants as its core and fought, setting it as the programme of struggle to accomplish the cause of the national-liberation democratic revolution by overthrowing the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists in South Korea and achieving the independent unification of the country.

While putting his heart and soul to building up the organization of the United Revolutionary Party into a militant and dynamic revolutionary organization, Kim Jong Tae has striven to form the broad anti-U.S. national-salvation united front embracing various segments of patriotic people by organizing the "National Liberation Front" and "Fatherland Liberation Front" and brought the masses to national and class awakening through various democratic circles, thereby forcefully organizing and mobilizing them to a sacred struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Under the conditions in which fascist suppression and white terror by the enemy were rampant, Kim Jong Tae energetically organized and carried out the bold and nimble political propaganda work among the masses for fulfilling the difficult yet glorious revolutionary task of arming the broad masses with the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and rallying them around him.

In conducting such revolutionary activities he regarded literary activities as a powerful weapon in his struggle.

From the early days of his revolutionary activities Kim Jong Tae conducted energetic literary activities.

As early as 1944 when Korea was still under the colonial yoke of the Japanese imperialists he formed a reading circle and fought against the colonial enslavement policy of Japanese imperialism; after August 15, 1945, he conducted political enlightenment activities for the revolutionary awakening of the South Korean youth and students and people under the U.S. imperialist occupation, teaching a university and other schools for several years from 1948.

Keenly aware of the tremendous role of the publications in the revolutionary struggle Kim Jong Tae devoted all his energies and wisdom to literary activities, though he was busy assuming the important post of Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party.

He founded the **Hanguk Rodong Shinmun** in 1960 and, later in 1964, the **Revolutionary Front**, the organ of the United Revolutionary Party, and **Chongmaek**, its journal.

Kim Jong Tae was not only a publisher and editor of these revolutionary publications but also an enthusiastic author.

He contributed to the revolutionary publications of South Korea political essays such as "For the Progress of History," "Is the Spirit of April 19 Alive?" "Let Us Turn the Helm of History," "Let Us Go This Way," "At the Starting Point" and many other revolutionary articles.

Through the editing and literary activities for **Chongmaek** and other progressive publications Kim Jong Tae strongly called for doing away with the American way of life and things Japanese which infiltrated deep into the South Korean society and restoring the "lost spirit of the nation" and establishing the subjecthood of the nation and scathingly condemned the crimes of the senseless traitors to the nation and country-selling flunkeys.

The **Revolutionary Front, Chongmaek** and **Hanguk Rodong Shinmun** founded and guided by Kim Jong Tae have made really great contributions to the enhancement of the militant role of the United Revolutionary Party, a revolutionary organization of South Korea, and the sacred revolutionary cause of overthrowing the cursed colonial rule of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and realizing the democratization of the South Korean society and the unification of the country.

The journal **Chongmaek** and other revolutionary publications personally founded and guided by Kim Jong Tae were widely read and deeply loved by the South Korean people.

While energetically conducting revolutionary literary activities Kim Jong Tae vigorously organized and carried on mass political propaganda through various circles under the United Revolutionary Party, such as the "Association of University Graduates in the 1960's," "Society for Study of New Culture," "Young Literary Men's Association," "Buddhist Youth Society," "Donghak Society," "Kyongwu Society," "Christian Youth Association for Economic Affluence," "Society for Study of Nationalism" and "Chongmaek Society".

Through such active political propaganda work and organizational work Kim Jong Tae armed the broad masses of the people with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and rallied them close around the Leader.

Kim Jong Tae, courageously braving the fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits, awakened the people wielding his pen of ardour and roused them to the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle and denounced the enemies and made them tremble with fear with the sharp stroke of his pen.

Kim Jong Tae who armed himself with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the immortal ideas, and further deepened the conviction of sure victory in the course of the practical struggle for carrying out the strategic and tactical line of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland mapped out by the Leader, valorously fought to uphold revolutionary constancy bravely withstanding all sorts of barbarous torture and persecution by the scoundrels even after he was arrested and detained by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Taking the prison and "court" as the new arena of struggle, Kim Jong Tae exposed in all nakedness the crimes of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique at the murderous court of the enemy and thereby struck the scoundrels with horror and powerfully demonstrated the indomitable stamina of a staunch, implacable revolutionary fighter.

Through his 20-odd-year undaunted struggle Kim Jong Tae has made exploits in arming the masses of people with the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader and building up the revolutionary forces and in strengthening and developing the revolutionary struggle along the road of the South Korean revolution illumined by the Leader.

The valiant struggle waged by Kim Jong Tae, a staunch revolutionary fighter, is a fully just struggle reflecting the unanimous desire and aspirations of the South Korean people to lead a happy life under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, in a unified country free from exploitation and oppression after overthrowing the vicious colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists over South Korea and achieving the independent unification of the country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"As long as there remains the wretched situation in which the country and the nation are divided and our compatriots, brothers and sisters of one and the same blood are subjected to all sorts of national insult and maltreatment by foreign aggressors, neither Korean Communist nor conscientious Korean nationalist can say that he has discharged his duty."

Owing to the virulent colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges for over 20 years, South Korea has been turned today into a living hell and a dark land where the masses of people can live no longer.

It is only too natural that those who value the destinies of the country and the nation should rise up in a struggle for putting an end to this terrible situation. It is clear to everyone that it can never be a "crime," much less an object of punishment.

That is why today the world public circles express firm solidarity with the just struggle of Kim Jong Tae and other members of the United Revolutionary Party and denounce with surging indignation the thrice-cursed atrocious criminal moves of the U.S. imperialists and their running dogs, Pak Jung Hi fascist rascals, to inflict punishment upon them on preposterous "charges".

It is part of this solidarity that the recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the International Organization of Journalists, in high praise of the exploits of Kim Jong Tae, decided to award the honourable "International Prize of Journalist" to Kim Jong Tae, an indomitable revolutionary fighter, who fought relentlessly and, through his energetic literary activities, showered a powerful bomb upon the enemy and provided the people with pabulum for revolution. Kim Jong Tae deserves such honour for his dauntless revolutionary struggle and literary activities.

The revolutionary struggle waged by Kim Jong Tae, an indomitable revolutionary fighter and journalist, is a hundred times, a thousand times just struggle worthy of praise.

(Continued on Page 7)

Here we publish an article of Kim Jong Tae carried in the August 1965 issue of "Chongmaek", the journal of the United Revolutionary Party in South Korea.

For the Progress of History

On the Occasion of 20th Anniversary of August 15 Liberation and First Anniversary of the Foundation of This Journal (*Chongmaek*)

Kim Jong Tae

Alas, twenty years separate us from the 15th of August!

Righteous persons, patriots, fighters and all are gone.

It has indeed been a long space of time.

And many a water flowed under the bridge in vain while our jet-black hair turned gray.

Little did we imagine on that other day that the dream which made our hearts swell to the bursting point with joy under the sun of the August should turn so miserably into a squeezed orange on the big co-ordinates of the reality under the impact of its physical power.

Looking up at the brilliant banner of our fatherland which we have prized and valued with affections for 20 years as one day, we have endured the falsehood and absurdity rife in South Korea, a sandy waste. Our frozen hearts, however, will not melt even in this broiling heat.

Poverty so detested by others is the rule with us who are going hungry all the time, and the resentments of the people are as loud as ever all over the impoverished land. The "tomorrow" promised by the rulers to the people was always no more than a mirage appearing in a dreary desert, which would by its misleading illusion cut short the lives of our people who are so simple and humble.

But the pure aspirations of the nation condensed into one in adversity will not become old and obsolete, nor will lose its strength or freshness.

The treacherous historical nature of the feud and distrust sown by outsiders, which drove a wedge into our homogeneous nation, will be unveiled in the end by the awakened people.

It is already one year since we, facing up to the realities and complying with the urgent dictates of the nation's history, raised the banner of vanguard for historical creation and took on the role of a bell-ringer to harbinger the dawn.

In the face of manifold difficulties that might have caused our journal to go out of existence as soon as its inaugural number was issued, we cried loudly in defence of truth with burning ardor and challenged the realities empty-handed, inspired by our national conscience and the sense of our historical mission. Thus, we boldly delved into the causes, remote and immediate, of the poverty which is our scourge, while arousing the conscience of the nation in a crisis of being stifled, promoting our sense of national identity which is swaying like a beaded screen hanging at the entrance of a pub, and expounding the need to stimulate the national consciousness of the people at large and the lofty ideas and patriotic attitude which ought to be maintained by the intellectuals. Many a time we, embracing the morbid South Korea which is floundering on the verge of death, lamented and were agonized.

Even in the present turbid and complicated conditions which prevent us from looking an inch ahead, we are nursing a transparent sincerity and aspiration to build a glorious fatherland for ourselves tomorrow. Moreover, if we pass this dark night with perseverence to preserve us all who are descendants of the same ancestor, we shall finally discharge the great historical mission of steering the course of the nation, even though we now seem to be a force as weak and feeble as a candle-light flickering in the wind. Conscious of this mission, we once again resolve to cast in our lot with our compatriots in whatever adversity, always standing on the side of justice and history.

The "torchlight of truth" raised by the *Chongmaek* will not go out and there will never be a standstill in the progress of history with which the *Chongmaek* is advancing.

Koreans in Japan Make Profound Study of Glorious Revolutionary History of Marshal KIM IL SUNG

The 600,000 Koreans in Japan are now profoundly studying the glorious revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who, since he started the revolutionary struggle at his early age, has held fast to the stand of *Juche* and led the Korean people along the one road of victory and glory.

The functionaries and compatriots under the first Katsura chapter, Uzumasa branch of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGRYUN), Kyoto, built up the "room for the study of Marshal Kim Il Sung," and with it as a centre, are now striving to learn the revolutionary history and revolutionary ideas of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and study the sagacity of his leadership and lofty virtues.

They make it a rule to get together every evening in the room furnished with abundant materials showing the 40-odd year revolutionary history of the Leader and systematically and profoundly study Marshal Kim Il Sung's glorious and brilliant revolutionary history.

To help its functionaries and members in their study, this chapter frequently organizes explanatory work with such materials on Marshal Kim Il Sung's revolutionary history as "General Kim Il Sung, the Sun of the Nation," "For Freedom and Liberation of the People," "Representing the Korean People's Aspiration" and "Reminiscences of Anti-Japanese Guerillas."

This helps the functionaries and members of this chapter deepen their feeling of unbounded respect and reverence for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has brought today's happiness and glory to the Korean people. And they renew their firm resolve to add luster to the honour of being continuer of our Party's glorious revolutionary traditions by thoroughly arming themselves with his great revolutionary ideas and wholeheartedly following the only road of victory indicated by him, without the slightest vacillation in any adversity.

Korean residents in Japan study hard the works of the Leader to arm themselves firmly with the idea of *Juche*, the great revolutionary idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader

Some time ago, this chapter held a discussion meeting on the "Triumphant Return of General Kim Il Sung to the Homeland" in the book "General Kim Il Sung, the Sun of the Nation."

After an explanatory lecture, many people spoke.

Marshal Kim Il Sung who returned to the homeland after 15 years of the arduous armed struggle he had organized and led to defeat the Japanese imperialists, they noted, put forth all his energy to fulfil heavy tasks affecting the destiny of the country, without dropping in at Mangyongdae, his native place, at the calling distance to meet his longed-for grandfather and grandmother, and relatives.

"This fact is sufficient to show what a great man Marshal Kim Il Sung is," a certain Li said in an excited tone, and continued:

"Indeed, we Korean people are happy who have the great Chief Marshal Kim Il Sung as the Leader. He not only restored the lost country but also founded the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and bestowed on us Koreans in Japan the honour of being proud citizens of an independent state and indicated a bright road ahead of us.

"Enjoying the love and solicitude of Marshal Kim Il Sung, deeper than the ocean and higher than the mountain, we are taking part in the sacred, patriotic work for the homeland and nation, though living in an alien land of Japan.

"How worthwhile it is! We will profoundly study the glorious revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and thus learn the sagacity of his leadership and lofty virtues, make his great revolutionary ideas our bone and flesh and remain faithful to him to the last."

The functionaries and compatriots under the Kumagaya chapter, northern branch of the CHONGRYUN, Saitama Prefecture, also set it as their first and foremost task to thoroughly arm themselves with the Leader's great revolutionary ideas and are now profoundly studying the brilliant revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung alongside his historic report delivered at the celebration of the 20th birthday of the Republic and his works.

This has brought about a great change in their ideological life.

In this way the functionaries of the CHONGRYUN and compatriots in Japan are now endeavouring to arm themselves thoroughly with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and doing their utmost in carrying out the patriotic tasks set by the CHONGRYUN as befitting continuer of the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party.

Jin Bang Hun

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Those who must be tried and punished by the people are none other than the U.S. imperialist aggressors who have been occupying one half of our territory, hampering the unification of the country and bringing all sorts of calamities and misfortunes to the South Korean people, and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are engrossed in the treacherous acts as the dirty running dogs of the U.S. imperialists.

This notwithstanding, the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi hordes "passed" death sentence upon Kim Jong Tae, an ardent patriot, indomitable revolutionary fighter and prominent journalist, and committed the barbarous atrocity of "confirming" the death sentence "passed" upon him depriving him even of his "right of appeal."

This frantic fascist suppressive outrage of the scoundrels is their last kick to save their colonial fascist rule facing a catastrophic crisis.

Fearing neither the enemy's fascist suppression nor gallows, Kim Jong Tae is keeping up his indomitable struggle, with a high pride and self-confidence in the sacred revolutionary cause for overthrowing the cursed colonial rule of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and achieving the unification of the country.

With no fascist frenzy can the brutal enemy deprive him of the indomitable revolutionary spirit instilled into his heart by the Leader or block the road of the revolutionary struggle ahead of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people who have risen up together with Kim Jong Tae.

The burning desire of the Korean people to see the day when the 40 million Korean people enjoy freedom and happiness in a unified country under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, will be realized without fail.

Proud Successes Gained by CHONGRYUN under Warm Care of the Fatherly Leader

On May 25, fourteen years ago, CHONGRYUN (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), a democratic national organization of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan and a body of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, was formed under the paternal care of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The formation of CHONGRYUN was an important event of historic significance in the life of the compatriots in Japan. It was an embodiment of the great immortal idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and an inheritance of the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party established by him.

Its founding made it possible for the Korean nationals in Japan to unite closer around Comrade Kim Il Sung and conduct successfully the sacred struggle for their rights and the unification of their fatherland upholding his leadership and to strengthen the relations of internationalist friendship with the Japanese people and other honest-minded people of the world.

CHONGRYUN has from its inception moved ahead vigorously along the solely one road indicated by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung not vacillating in the least under the harsh conditions where they live apart from their homeland and the enemy brutally represses them.

It has gained enormous successes in its struggle for the national rights of the compatriots in Japan, the unification of the fatherland, the prosperity and development of the socialist motherland.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said in high appreciation of the achievements made by CHONGRYUN and the compatriots in Japan in the past period:

"In the past twenty years our people have wrought great, epoch-making changes and built up a prosperous, independent socialist state unexampled in the history of our country by valiantly marching ahead under the banner of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious fatherland.

"Included in these great successes attained in our country in the past period under the correct leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic are the precious achievements made by you who have waged a devoted struggle for the unification and independence of the fatherland and for the development of the country, rich and powerful, resolutely defying all manner of national persecution and repression by the reactionaries within and without even under the difficult conditions of the alien land."

The proud achievements made by CHONGRYUN and the compatriots in Japan in the past are attributable to the outstanding leadership and lofty virtues of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has always led our people to victory, glory, happiness and prosperity and takes a good care of its functionaries and the compatriots in Japan in their work and life with a warm paternal affection.

These successes are a precious fruition of boundless loyalty of its functionaries and the compatriots in Japan to the Leader and a demonstration of the might and unyielding fighting spirit of them rallied around him.

The whole course traversed by CHONGRYUN is a course of systematic, energetic and vigorous efforts to arm its functionaries and the compatriots firmly with Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche*, the unitary ideology of our Party, and shines brightly with precious achievements made in their efforts.

CHONGRYUN, regarding it as the most cardinal question and the first and foremost task to equip its functionaries and compatriots with the unitary ideology of our Party, has made every effort to intensify the education of them in the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the Party's policies, their embodiment, in the revolutionary traditions and in socialist patriotism.

To arm its functionaries and compatriots with the unitary ideology of our Party, CHONGRYUN put out and distributed among them several million copies of "Kim Il Sung's Selected Works," the Leader's other immortal brilliant works and the materials of the revolutionary traditions. It also set up a well-organized education network such as the "room for the study of Marshal Kim Il Sung," lecture districts, adults' educational institutions and one-educates-five house system and has run it effectively.

Thanks to the systematic education in Comrade Kim Il Sung's idea of *Juche* the new revolutionary quality has been brought out among the functionaries and compatriots — the readiness to resolutely guard Comrade Kim Il Sung, accept no other ideas but his ideas, think and act upon his thought and intention and carry through the decisions of CHONGRYUN based on his teachings.

Their sense of national and revolutionary pride in living, working and fighting under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung knows no bound and it is mounting higher and higher. They are full of the lofty patriotic spirit of ardently loving the socialist fatherland and defending with their lives the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious homeland, against the encroachment of the American imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

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Trade Relations and Consular Relations at Consular General Level Established between D.P.R.K. and Kingdom of Nepal

An agreement was reached between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Kingdom of Nepal on establishing trade relations and consular relations at consular general level.

The agreement was reached at Katmandu on May 11. (KCNA)

Government Delegation of D.P.R.K. Visits President of Republic of Dahomey

A government delegation of our country headed by Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which paid a friendship visit to Dahomey at the invitation of the Government of the Republic of Dahomey called on Emile Derlin Zinsou, President of the Republic of Dahomey, on May 14, according to a report from Cotonou.

Present on the occasion was Stanislas Yedomon Kpognon, Minister of Economy of the Republic of Dahomey.

Friendly conversations took place between Kim Gyong Ryon, head of the delegation, and President Emile Derlin Zinsou on the occasion. (KCNA)

Delegation of Uruguay-Korea Friendship Association Arrives

A delegation of the Uruguay-Korea Friendship Association headed by Oscar Cabrera, General Secretary of the Uruguay-Korea Friendship Association, arrived in Pyongyang on May 20 by air for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Korea-Latin America Friendship Society.

Korean Association of Foodstuffs and Daily Necessaries Industries Formed

The Korean Association of Foodstuffs and Daily Necessaries Industries was formed in Pyongyang on May 24.

This association organized on a voluntary principle of scientists, technicians and specialists in the domain of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries of our country is a scientific and technical organization representing the academic circle of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries of our country.

The association takes it as its mission to further strengthen mutual relations among scientists, technicians and specialists, actively study and disseminate the latest sciences and techniques and elevate the qualification of the workers in the domain of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries for the development of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries of the country strictly in accordance with the economic policy of our Party, the embodiment of the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The association will develop the relations of friendship and cooperation with the domain of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries and the scientists, technicians and specialists in this domain of the world and conduct the interchange of science and technique with them for the development of foodstuffs and daily necessaries industries.

We Congratulate Independence Day of Jordan

May 25 is the national holiday of the Jordan people—the 23rd anniversary of independence of Jordan. After a prolonged struggle the Jordan people proclaimed their independence on May 25, 1946, putting an end to the rule of the British colonialists.

On this day the Korean people warmly congratulate the Jordan people.

Since independence the Jordan people have made strenuous efforts to liquidate the aftermaths of the cursed imperialist and colonial rule and create a new life, while defending the country's independence against the repeated aggressions and threats by the U.S.-British imperialists and the Israeli expansionists.

Of late, the Israeli aggressors, with the active backing of the U.S. imperialists, are trying hard to put under their permanent occupation some territories of Jordan and other Arab states they already seized illegally and perpetrating more recklessly military provocative acts against these countries with a view to occupying more land.

The Jordan people who are well aware of the robber-like nature of the enemies are making a resolute counterattack on war acts of the U.S. imperialists and Israeli aggressors and concentrating all their strength on combat preparations to accomplish the common cause of the Arab peoples with a firm determination to fight them to the last.

The struggle of the Jordan people is a just struggle for their country's independence and prosperity and contributes to the strengthening of the anti-U.S. forces of the Arab peoples.

The Jordan people are striving to consolidate national independence and achieve the country's prosperity, while fighting against the aggressive moves of the enemies.

The just struggle of the Jordan people against the U.S. and Israeli aggressors and for national independence and a new, rich and mighty country enjoys the support of the Arab brothers and the world's progressive peoples.

The Korean people scathingly condemn the U.S. imperialists and Israeli aggressors for their acts of military provocation against Jordan and give active support and encouragement to the righteous anti-U.S., anti-Israeli struggle of the Jordan people.

We Korean people wish the Jordan people fresh successes in their struggle to safeguard national dignity, honour and independence and achieve territorial integrity.

Kim Byong Sam

Friendly Football Match between Korea and Cuba

In accordance with the plan of the cultural interchange between Korea and Cuba, the Cuban footballers arrived in Pyongyang on April 30. On May 6 the first friendship game was held between the visiting team and the Pyongyang city team of our country at the Moranbong Stadium.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was respectfully placed on the platform of the stadium, and there were also slogans reading: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

The home team and Cuban team entered the stadium carrying the flags of the DPRK and Cuba.

Then the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of Cuba were played.

With Korean international referee Soh Jae Gap as chief umpire the game started with the Cuban team's kick-off.

The first half drew without score. Now the match became fiercer: there were bitter attacks and stubborn defences in the second half.

The players of both teams displayed to the full militant amity, lofty moral traits and high technique.

The game ended without goal.

Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee, General Oh Baek Ryong of the Korean People's Army, and other functionaries of the Party and government organs and public organizations together with many working people saw the match.

Basilio Rodriguez Rodriguez, Ambassador of the Republic of Cuba to our country, and staff members of the Cuban Embassy and Cuban guests staying in our country also saw the game.

The Cuban team had matches with the Amrokgang team and February 8 team, on May 11 and 18.

The visiting team lost both games 0 to 2 and 0 to 1.

The matches proceeded in a friendly atmosphere from beginning to end. **Kim Gyu Dok**

Friendly match between the February 8 team and Cuban team

(Continued from Page 7)

One of the greatest achievements made by CHONGRYUN in the past is that it has reliably upheld the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan and made a great contribution to the cause of the country's unification.

CHONGRYUN has from its inception waged an unflagging struggle for upholding the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan, closely rallying the Koreans in Japan and firmly relying on the support of the broad Japanese people.

The compatriots in Japan under the leadership of CHONGRYUN resolutely opposed the machinations of the enemy who forced them to adopt the South Korean puppet "nationality" and "apply for denizenship," a design to bar the way of their repatriation to the D.P.R.K., their glorious fatherland, for good, defended the D.P.R.K. citizenship, their most fundamental national right and national honour, and those compatriots upon whom the puppet "nationality" was imposed in the past gave it up and restored the D.P.R.K. nationality by their stiff struggle.

Thus, they smashed the sinister plots of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to condemn them to double or treble slavery and upheld the honour of being citizens of the D.P.R.K. with credit.

CHONGRYUN exposed and denounced each and every criminal action of the Japanese reactionaries engrossed in the national discrimination, maltreatment and brutal murder of compatriots in Japan and defended their right to live.

Upholding the educational policy of our Party and the Government of our Republic, an embodiment of Comrade Kim Il Sung's thought on revolutionary education, CHONGRYUN set up a well-organized system of democratic, national education from the kindergarten up to university with the stupendous educational aid funds sent by the fatherly Leader many times and thanks to the patriotic zeal and creative activeness of the masses of the compatriots and attained great successes in bringing up the rising generation as competent national cadres who are faithful to the fatherland and the Leader and possess wide knowledge, high virtue and sound physique.

In the past ten years more than 10,000 sons and daughters of compatriots have graduated from high schools and university and become full-fledged functionaries of CHONGRYUN and socialist builders of the fatherland.

More than 40,000 children of compatriots in Japan receive democratic, national education at 150 odd independent Korean schools in our mother tongue.

The compatriots in Japan obtained the legal sanction of more than 130 schools including Korean University and over 20 prefectural educational societies and are frustrating the persistent criminal machination of the reactionary Sato government of Japan to forge a "foreign school law" and suppress and obliterate their democratic, national education.

CHONGRYUN made a great contribution to repatriating more than 88,000 compatriots to the homeland from Japan and is now organizing and waging extensively a vigorous massive struggle to baffle the attempt of the Japanese reactionaries to wreck the repatriation operation of compatriots in Japan and resume it.

It won deeper trust and support from the compatriots in Japan by resolutely fighting to uphold their democratic, national rights and is now discharging with credit its mission as their servant.

It has directed its greatest efforts to the sacred cause of the country's independent unification.

It has constantly propagandized the fair independent unification line of the D.P.R.K. Government set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung among the entire compatriots in Japan and the peoples of the world and systematically exposed and denounced the aggressive policy and new war machinations of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and the reinvasion of South Korea by the Japanese militarists. And it has consistently conducted political work to make the compatriots fight for the country's unification, not forgetting the South Korean people even a moment.

CHONGRYUN has actively supported and encouraged the just patriotic struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and people for freedom and liberation.

It also has paid deep attention to expanding and strengthening the work of national union.

The feeling of reverence for and trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is running ever higher among the compatriots under the influence of the "South Korean Residents Association" in Japan and they have become convinced more deeply that the country's unification can be achieved only under the banner of the D.P.R.K. under his leadership.

CHONGRYUN has conducted well external activities and contributed greatly to enhancing the international prestige of the Republic.

It has also made constant efforts to strengthen internationalist friendship and solidarity with the Japanese democratic forces and the world people.

The proud course traversed by CHONGRYUN in the past shows convincingly that only brilliant victory and glory are in store for CHONGRYUN and the compatriots in Japan that move ahead along the road indicated by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Kim Pyong

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